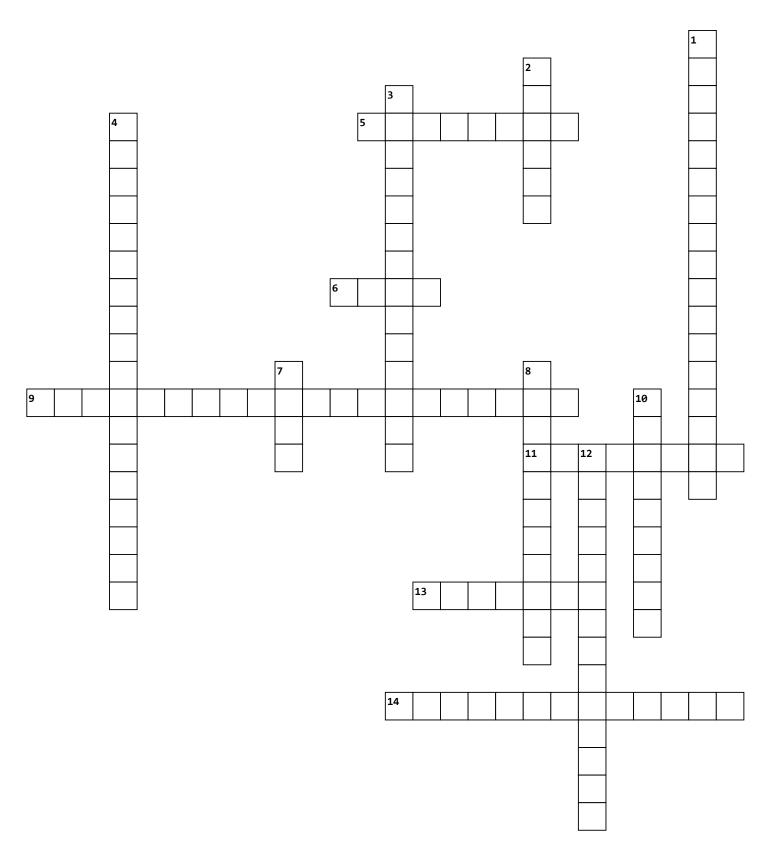
Informal Fallacies



Across

5. When characteristics of the whole is applied to all the parts.

Down

1. When a generalization applied to a situation it shouldn't.

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- **6.** Appeal to _____. Attempting to gain support by calling for pity or mercy.
- **9.** When a generalization of a group is made based on the observation of a few members.
- **11.** When two coincidental events proceeding each other are said to be cause and effect.
- **13.** Ad hominem _____. When the other side is attacked after their argument is made.
- **14.** When a nonrepresentitive sample is used to support an argument based off of the entire population.

- **2.** Appeal to the _____. An attempt to gain support by rallying the audience emotionally.
- **3.** Ad hominem _____. When the other side's circumstances are attacked.
- **4.** Fallacy that attacks the other side before their argument can be presented.
- **7.** Appeal to _____. An attempt to gain support by threats.
- **8.** When the characteristics of the parts is applied to the whole.
- **10.** 'You too' fallacy, when the other side's argument is dismissed by calling them a hypocrite.
- **12.** An argument who's conclusion relies on a string of unlikely events linked together.

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